

Early diagnosis of acute MI: novel strategies

Professor Christian Müller



Disclosures

- Swiss National Science Foundation

-  Schweizerische Herzstiftung
Fondation Suisse de Cardiologie
Fondazione Svizzera di Cardiologia

-  **University Hospital**
Basel



-  **Abbott**  **Alere**  **BECKMAN COULTER**  **BGMEDICINE**  **BÜHLMANN**  **B · R · A · H · M · S**
 **CRITICAL DIAGNOSTICS**  **Roche**  **SCHILLER**
The Art of Diagnostics  **SIEMENS**
 **NOVARTIS**  **CARDIORENTIS**  **Bsens**
biognostic

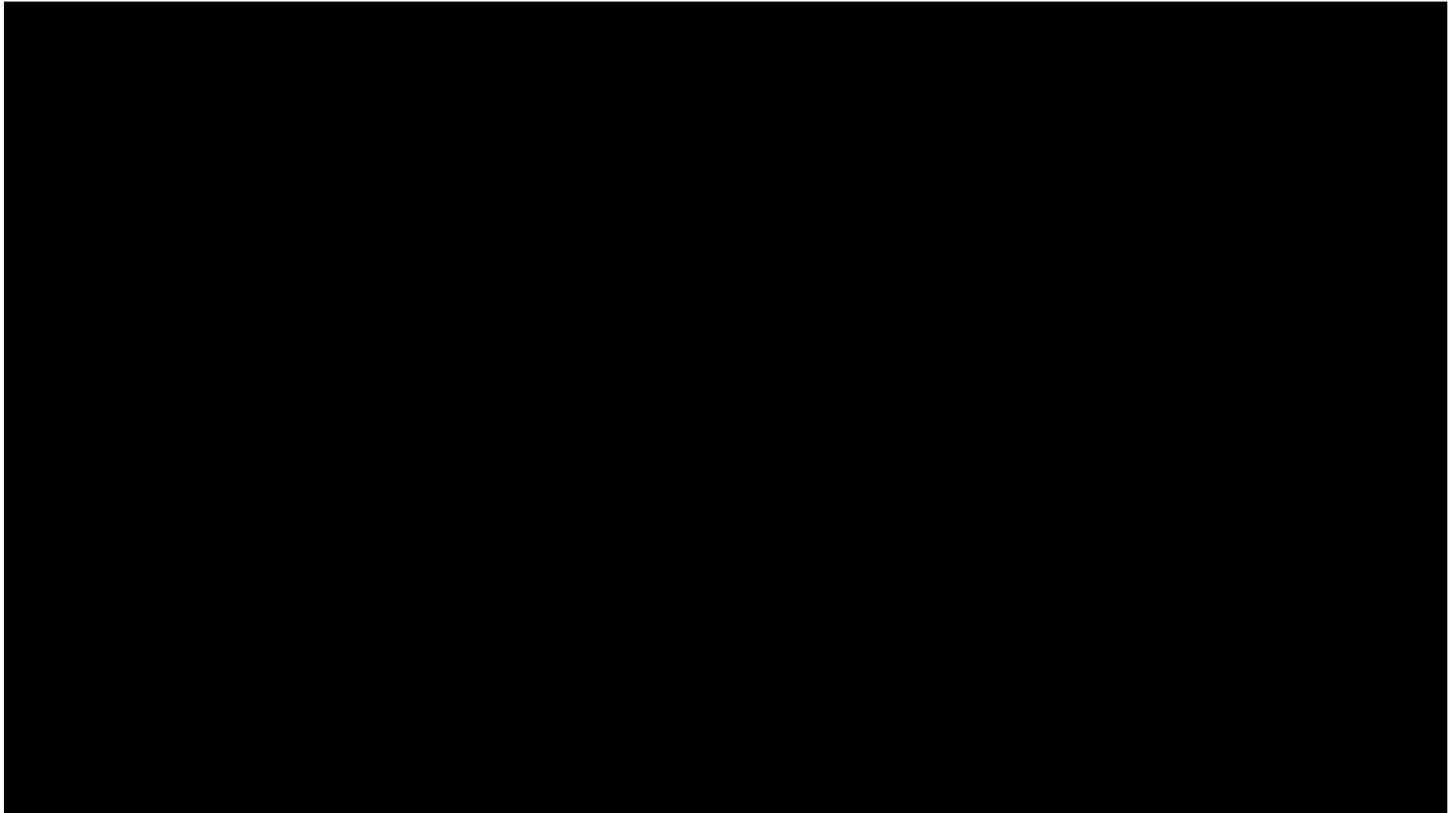


Early diagnosis of AML: novel strategies

- **Background & Case**
- **Novel strategies**
- **Medical value** for Patients

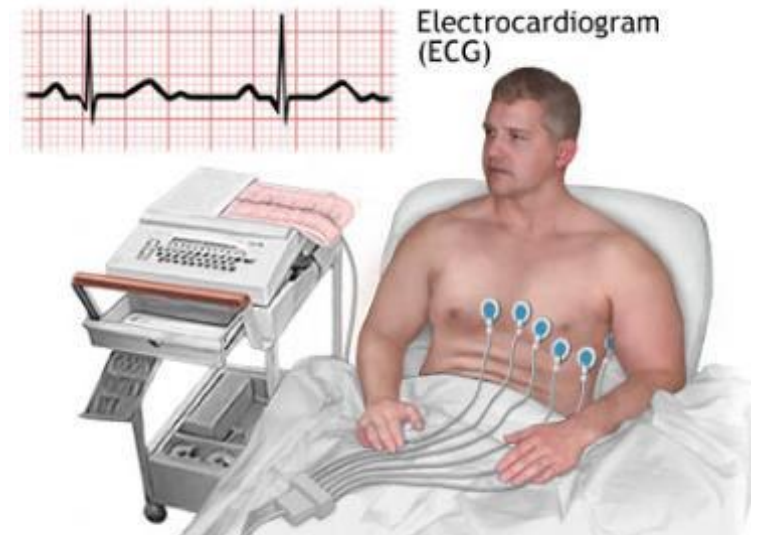
Physicians

Health Care System



Early diagnosis of AMI is critical

- But still an **unmet need** in many patients
- Delayed “rule-in” → morbidity + mortality ↑
- Delayed “rule-out” → time in ED + costs ↑
patient anxiety ↑
- 3 key tools: History incl. chest pain characteristics
 ECG
 cTn

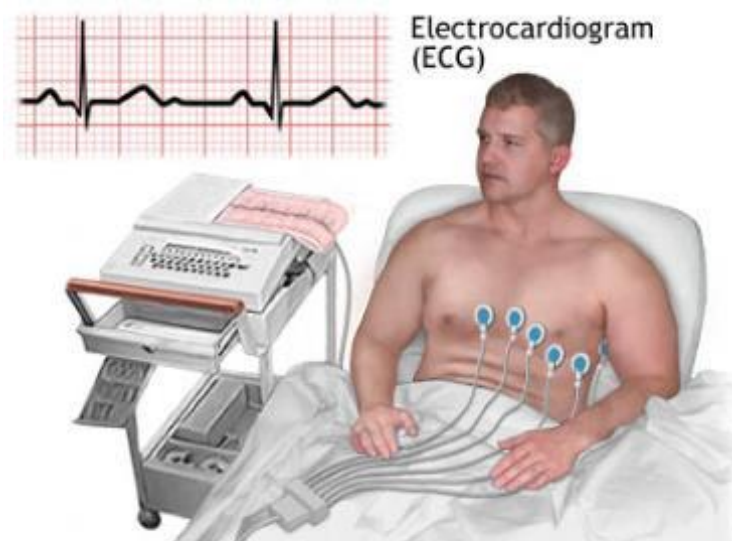


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ECG

hs-cTn



Case Mr. 45y

Presentation: In the morning (>6h ago) dyspnea+ chest pain, 30min, no radiation, no sweating

Never angina during exercise

Asymptomatic at presentation to ED

History: stopped antihypertensive therapy years ago, no other medical history

cvRF: hypertension, former smoking (20 py)

Vitals: BP 190/95mmHg, Puls 80/min, Oxy 98%

Geb: 16.08.1962

Alter: 45 Jahre

Geschl: M

Grösse: -/- cm

Gewicht: -/- kg

BD: -/- mmHg

HF 82 /min

Achsen

P 17 °

QRS -12 °

T -16 °

Intervalle

RR 730 ms

P 106 ms

PQ 156 ms

QRS 78 ms

QT 356 ms

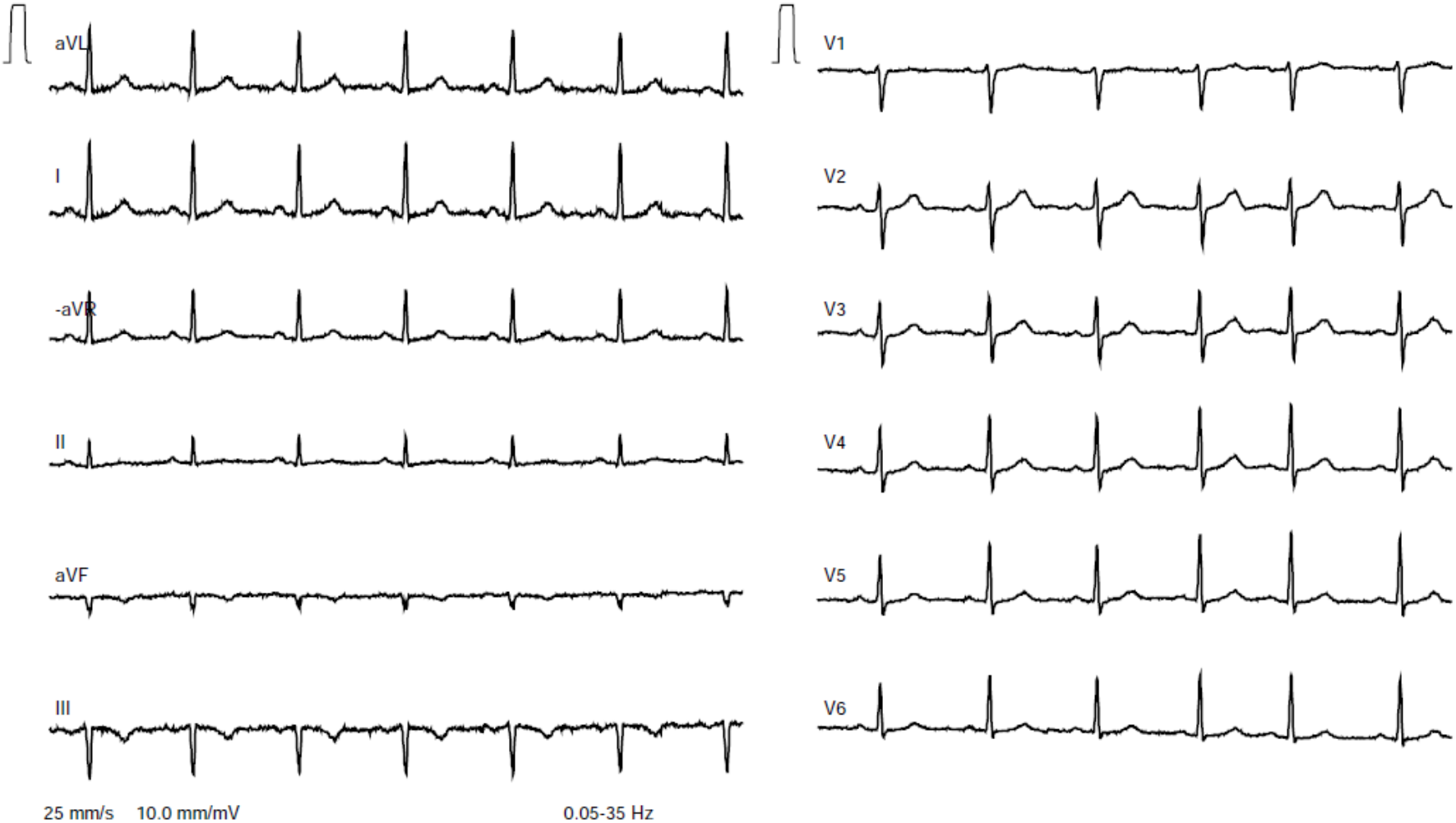
QTc 416 ms

Interpretation

Med:

Bem:

Validiert von



- Lab results:

	0 h
TnT4 [<0.01 ug/L)	<0.01
CK	136 U/L
CK-MB	4.4

	6 h
	<0.01
	107 U/L
	4.2

Completely asymptomatic during 7h in the ED

Normal 2nd ECG

D-dimers negative

Chest x-ray normal

Same Patient presenting 4 (!) days later

Acute chest pain radiating in his left arm and back

Geb: 16.08.1962
Alter: 45 Jahre
Geschl: M
Grösse: -- cm
Gewicht: -- kg
BD: - / - mmHg

HF 103 /min
Achsen
P 39°
QRS -14°
T -33°

Intervalle
RR 579 ms
P 114 ms
PQ 158 ms
QRS 94 ms
QT 288 ms
QTc 377 ms

Interpretation

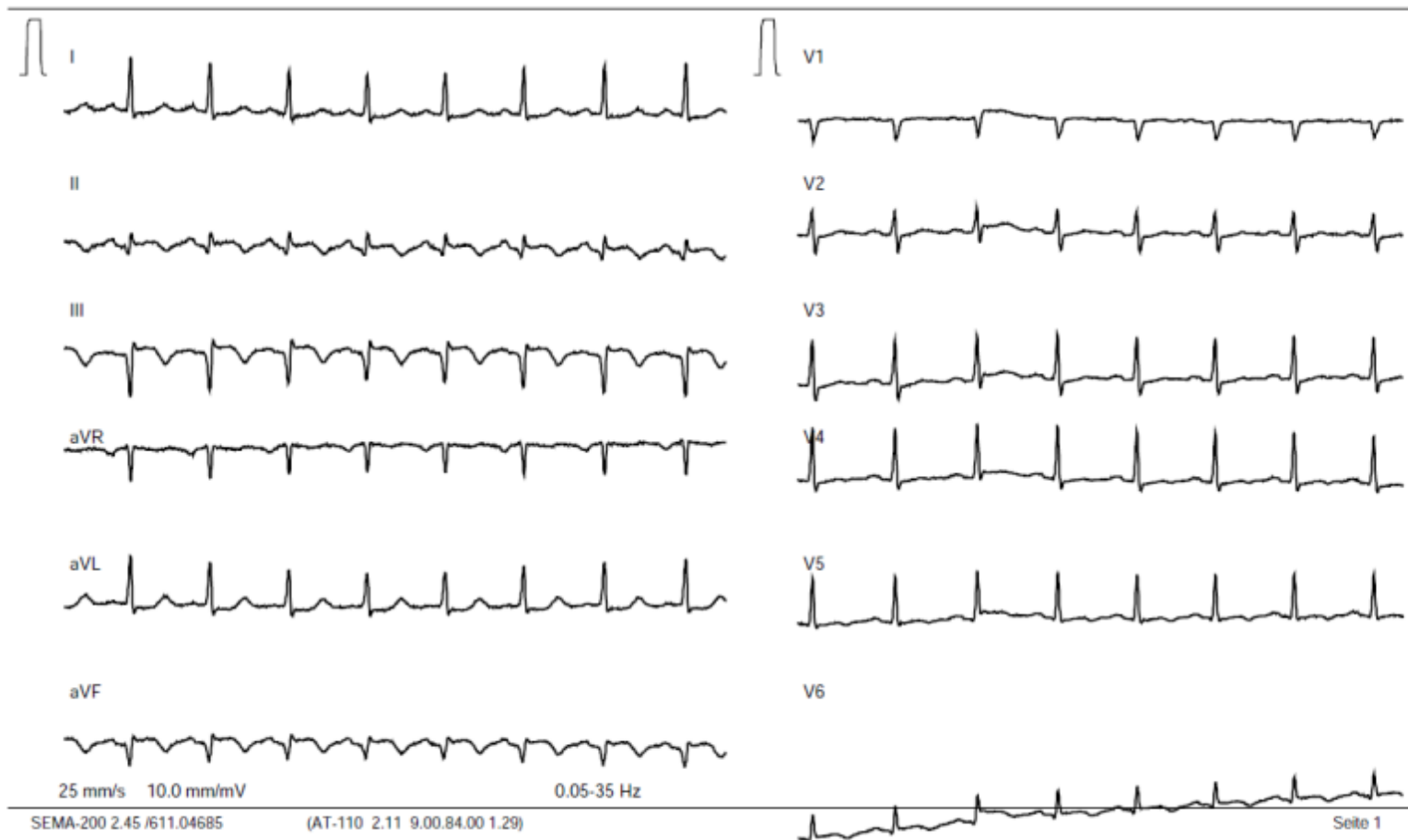
Med:
Bem:

Valid

STEMI!!!!!!

Pat-Name: Buser Uwe
Pat-Nr: 3254864

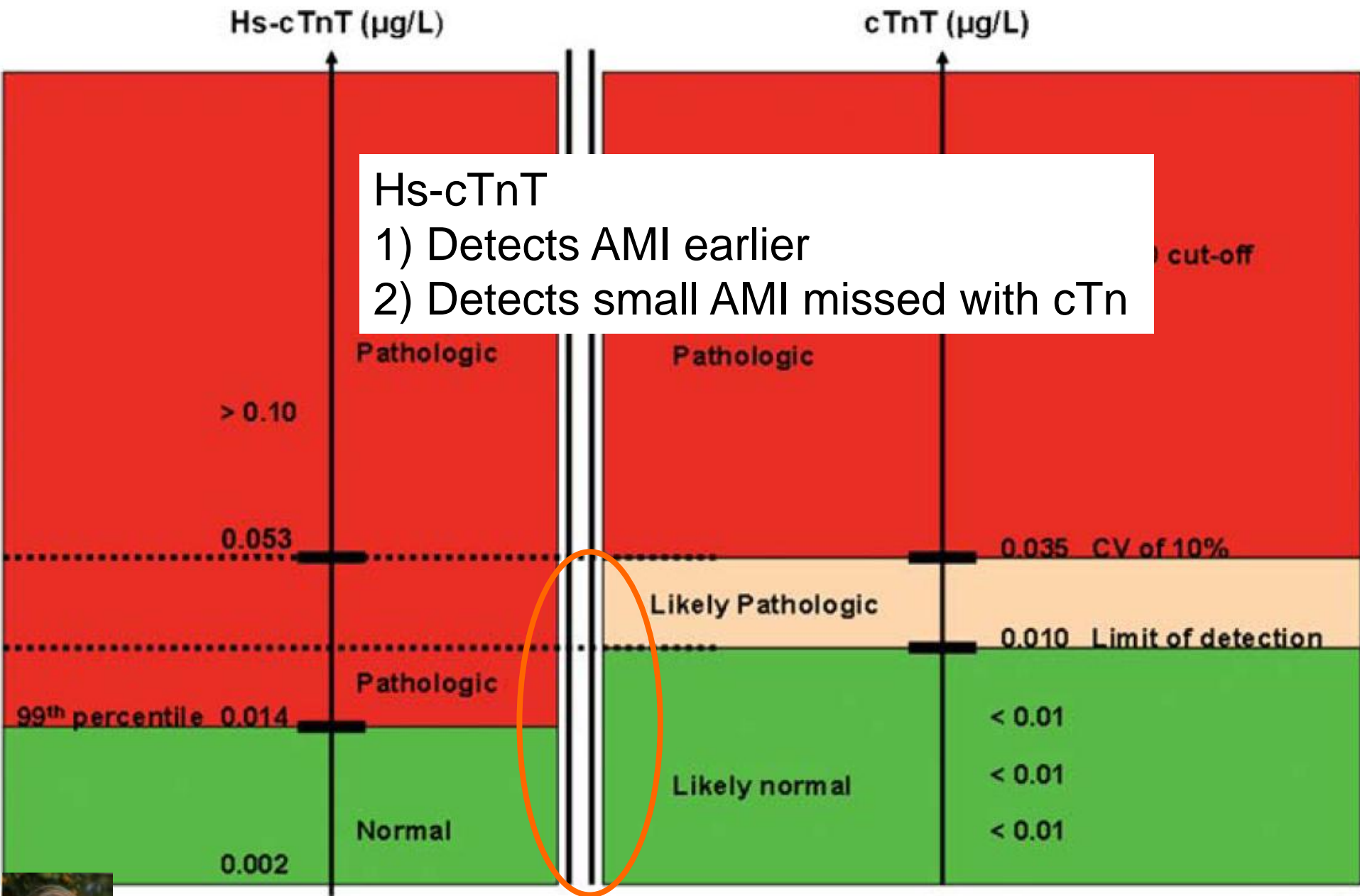
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How about hs-cTn at initial presentation 4 days ago??

		Study blood examination			
	0 h	1 h	2 h	3 h	6 h
TnT4 [<0.01 ug/L]	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
CK	136 U/L			120 U/L	107 U/L
CK-MB	4.4			4.4	4.2
s-cTnI [Ref. 0.040 ug/L]	0.016 ug/L	0.039 ug/L	0.088 ug/L	0.102 ug/L	
hs-cTnI [Ref. 9 ng/L]	18 ng/L	45 ng/L	67 ng/L	100 ng/L	
hs-cTnT [Ref. 14 ng/L]	11 ng/L	22 ng/L	31 ng/L	32 ng/L	

(H)s-cTn improve the early rule-in of AMI



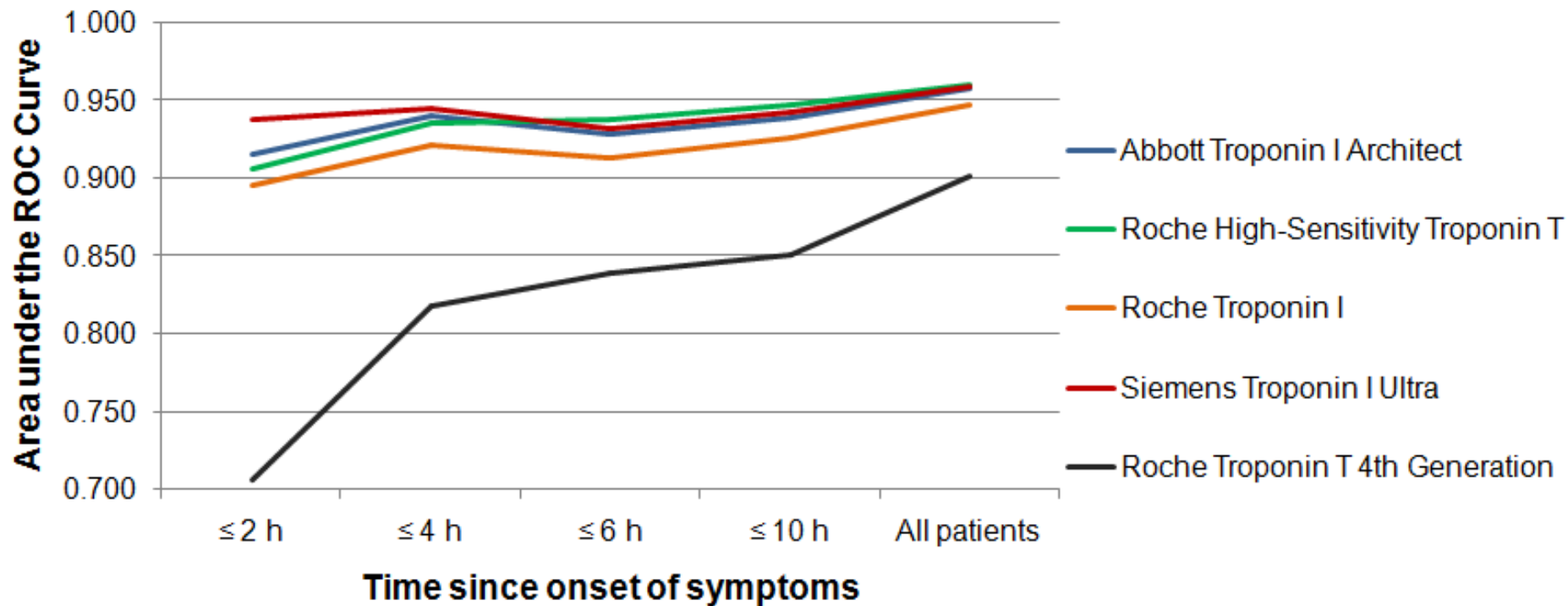
Hs-cTnT

- 1) Detects AMI earlier
- 2) Detects small AMI missed with cTn



Hs-cTn improve the early diagnosis of AMI

at presentation



Hs-Tn + ECG + History → Rule out ↑ + Rule in ↑



1) Hs-cTn \neq Pregnancy Test

~~„Troponin-positive“~~

2) cTn_A \neq cTn_B

Hs-cTn: Quantitative marker of cardiomyocyte injury

P/NPV for AMI ug/L

Differential Diagnosis



10

Very large AMI, myocarditis

PPV >95%

1

Large AMI, myocarditis, Tako-tsubo, PE, critical illness

PPV 80%

0.100

Small AMI, early large AMI, myocarditis, Tako-tsubo, PE, shock, CHF, SAB, ...

PPV 50%

0.050

Micro AMI, early large AMI, myocarditis, Tako-tsubo, PE, shock, CHF, hypertensive crisis, SAB, stable CAD...

99th percentile

NPV 90%

0.010

Stable angina, CHF, LVH, subclinical heart disease, etc.

NPV 99%

0.005

Healthy individuals

1.Rule-in

2.Rule-out

0h 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h

ECG

cTn

cTn

ESC 2011:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn

1h-Algo:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn



Diagnostics \neq Therapeutics

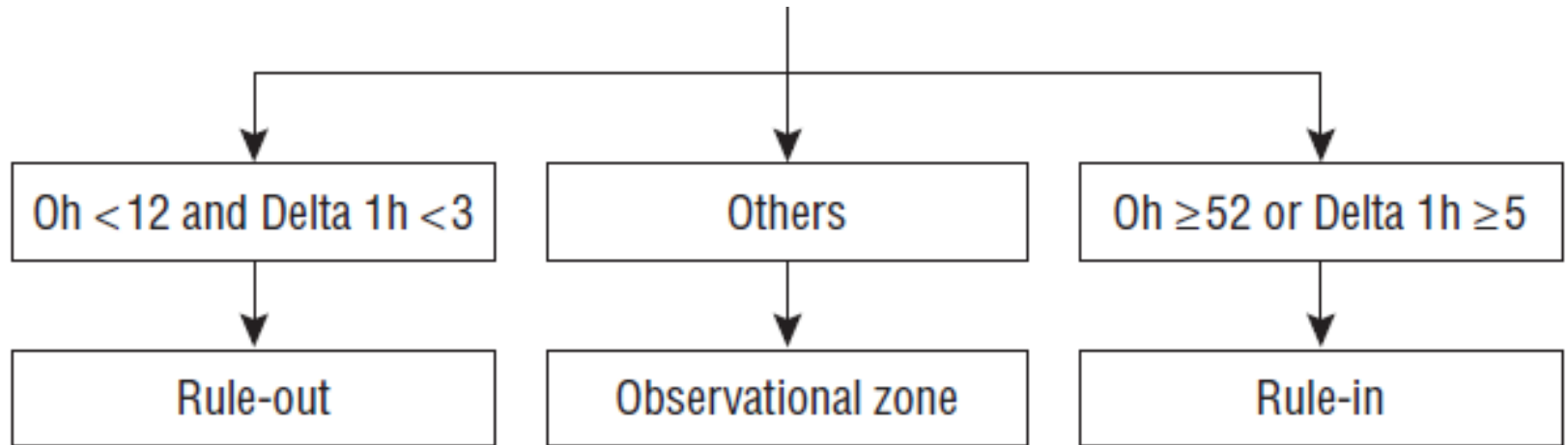
Education: + +++

Best method: **Diagnostic** (blinded) **RCT** (blinded)
 RCT (open)

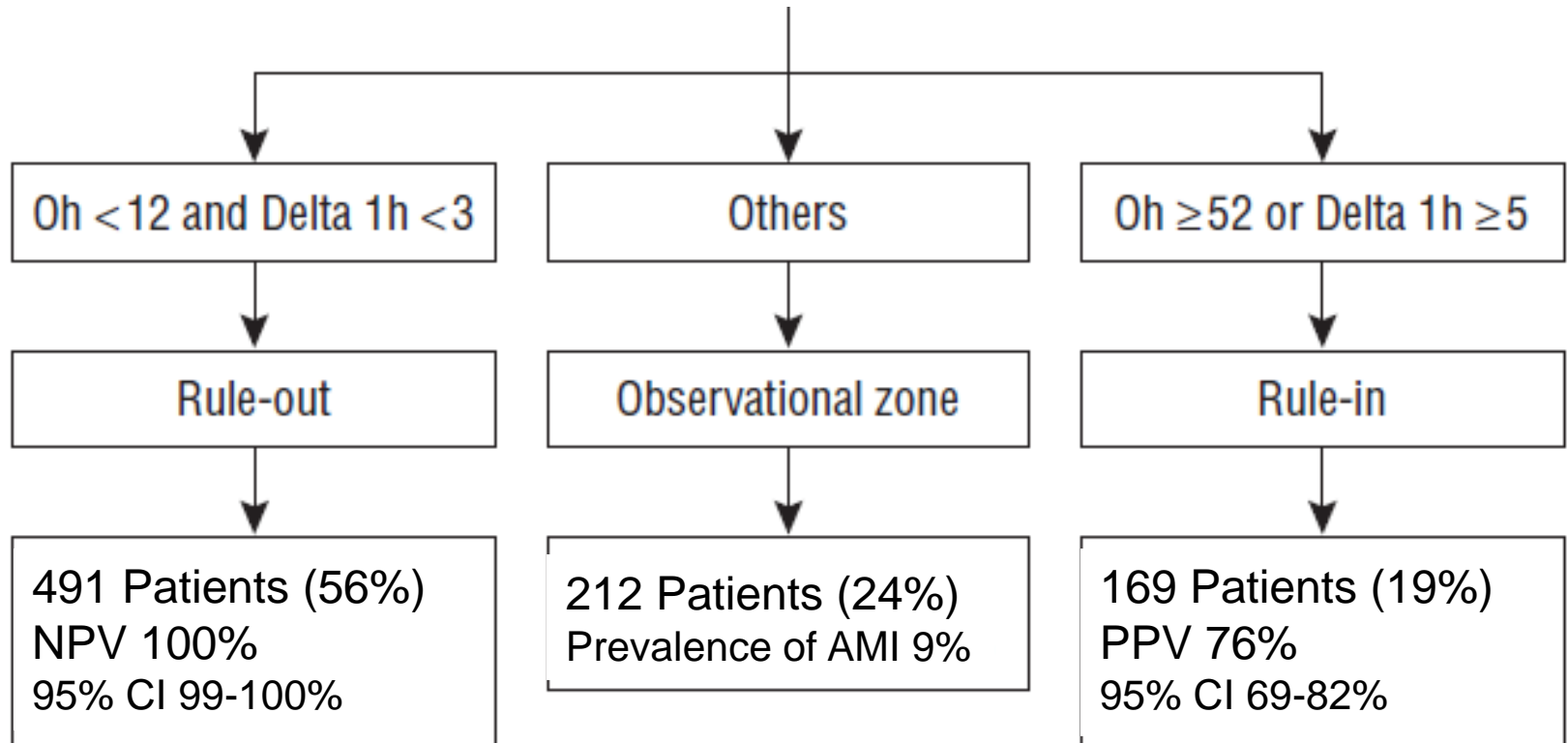


	LOD	+ copeptin	1h-algorithm	2h-algorithm	2h ADP	3h ESC
NPV for AMI	98-100%	98-99%	99.1-100%	99.5-99.9%	99.1-100%*	99.6-100%
Effectiveness	+	++	+++	+++	++	++
Details: If using hs-cTnT	Hs-cTnT<5	Hs-cTnT<14 & Copeptin<10 pmol/L	Hs-cTnT<12 & 1h delta<3	Hs-cTnT<14 at 0h and 2h & 2h delta<4	Hs-cTnT<14 & ECG o.k. at 0h and 2h & TIMI≤1	Hs-cTnT<14 0h+3 & GRACE<140 & pain-free
If using hs-cTnI	Hs-cTnI<2	Hs-cTnI<26 & Copeptin<10 pmol/L	Hs-cTnI<5 & 1h delta<2		Hs-cTnI<26 & ECG o.k. at 0h and 2h & TIMI≤1	Hs-cTnI<26 0h+3 & GRACE<140 & pain-free
Feasibility	+++	+	+++	+++	++	++
Also for Rule-in	-	-	+	+	-	+/-

hs-cTnT 1h-algorithm



hs-cTnT 1h-algorithm



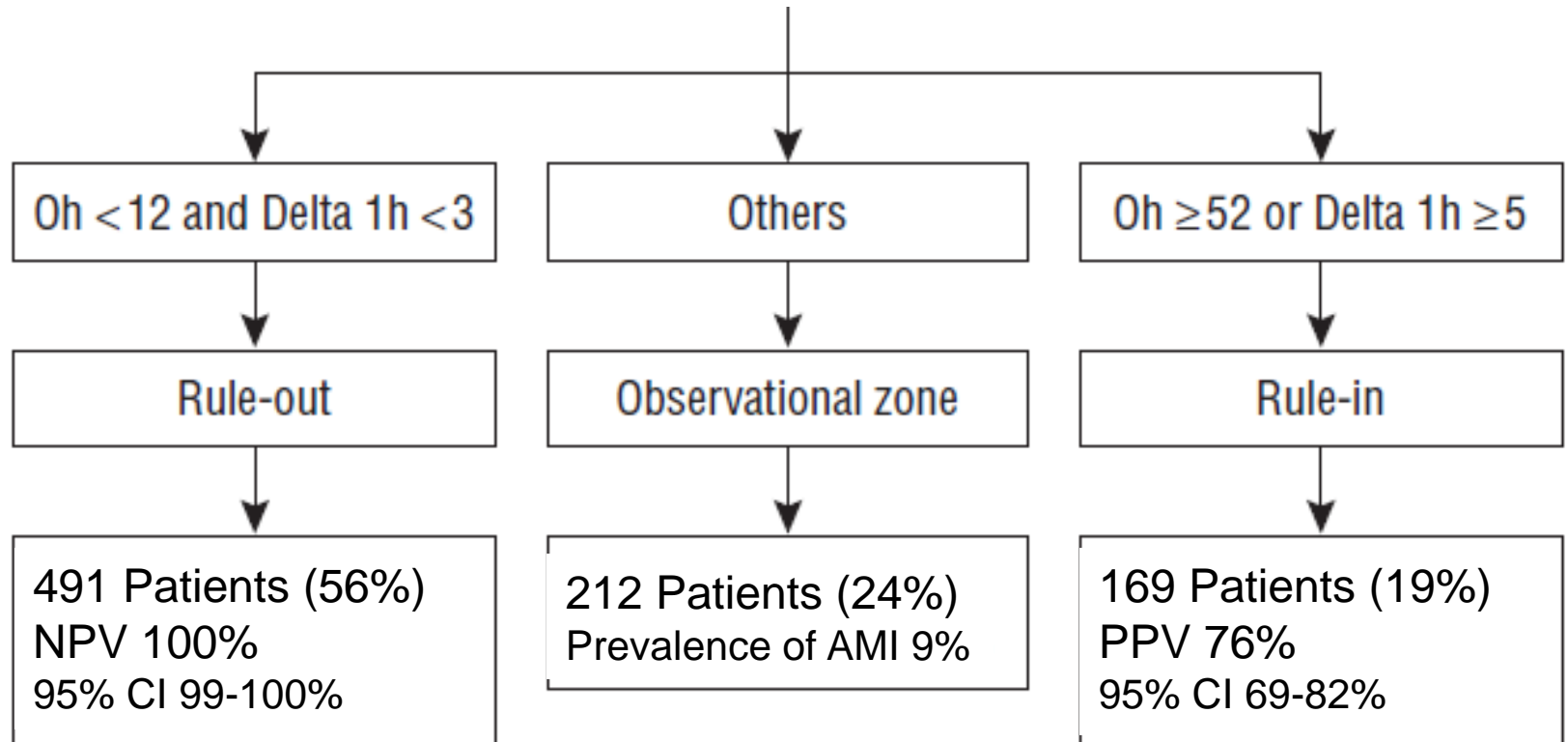
However:

- 1) Would represent a major change in clinical practice**
- 2) Experts ambivalent**
- 3) NOT used clinically until now**

TRAPID-AMI: Methods

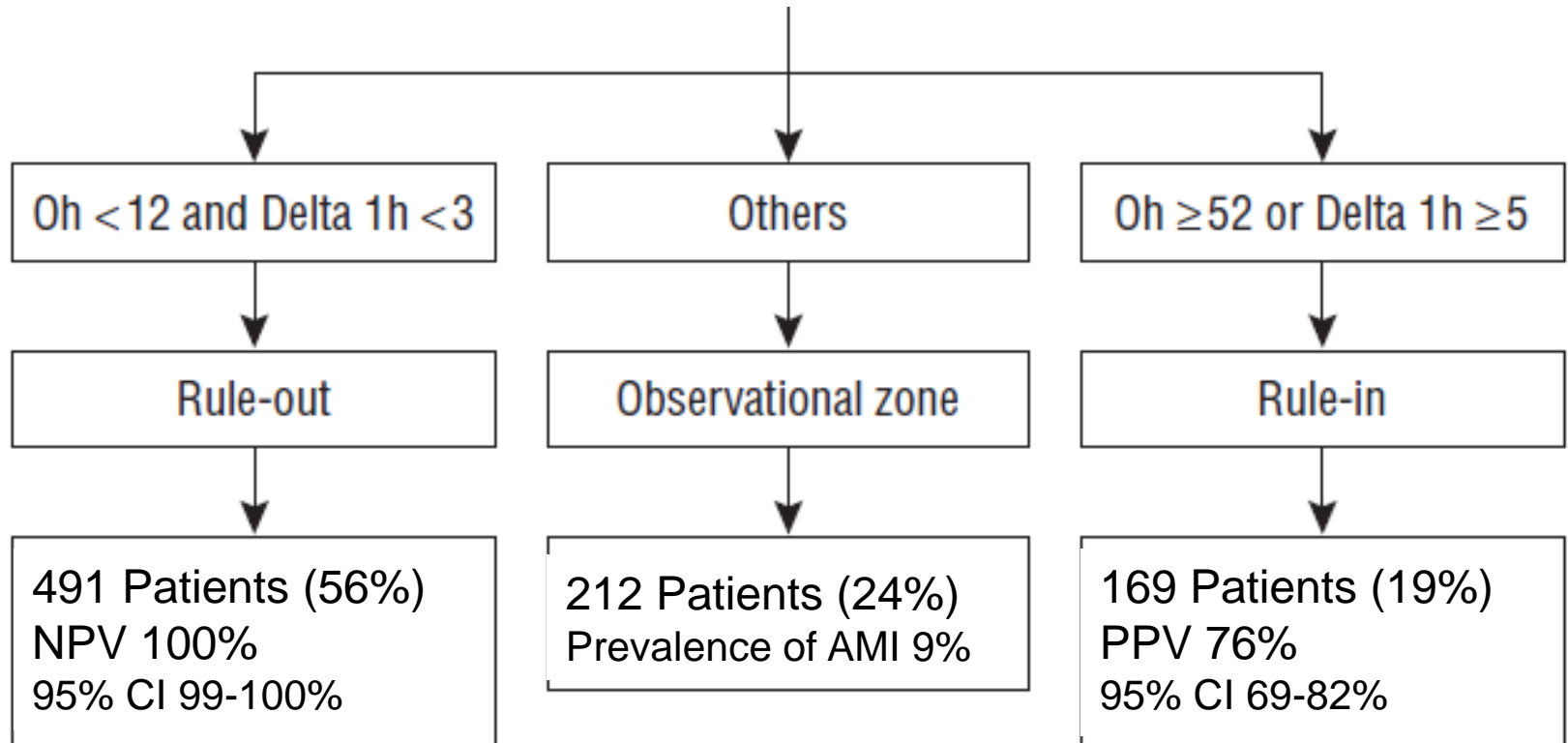


hs-cTnT 1h-algorithm



NPV 99.1%, (63%) TRAPID-AMI n=1282 PPV 77% (14%)

hs-cTnT 1h-algorithm



NPV 99.1% (63%)

NPV 99.9% (60%)

TRAPID-AMI n=1282

APACE-Val n=1320

PPV 77% (14%)

PPV 78% (16%)

Medical value for patients



0h 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h →

ECG

cTn

cTn

ESC 2011:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn

1h-Algo:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn



Medical value for physicians



0h 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h →

ECG

cTn

cTn

ESC 2011:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn

1h-Algo:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn



Medical value for health care system



0h 1h 2h 3h 4h 5h 6h 7h

ECG

cTn

cTn

ESC 2011:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn

1h-Algo:

hs-cTn

hs-cTn



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